

Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex







Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

Contents

1	Gener	al Information	4
	1.1	Information about these operating instructions	4
	1.2	Limitation of liability	4
	1.3	Copyright	5
	1.4	Replacement parts	5
	1.5	Material defects	5
	1.6	Technical support	5
2	Safety	Instructions	6
	2.1	Explanation of symbols	6
	2.2	Personnel requirements	7
	2.3	Personal protective equipment	8
	2.4	Intended use	9
	2.5	Protective measures to be taken by the operator/user	12
	2.6	Special hazards	12
3	Techn	ical Data	19
	3.1	General information	19
	3.2	Interfaces	19
	3.3	Operating conditions	19
4	Produ	ct Description and Functional Principle	20
	4.1	Festoon system overview	20
	4.2	Brief description	22
	4.3	Description of assemblies	22
	4.4	Work areas and danger zones	27
	4.5	Modes of Operation	28
5	Trans	port, Packaging and Storage	29
	5.1	Transport	29
	5.2	Packaging	30
	5.3	Storage of packaged parts	31
6	Install	ation and Commissioning	32



	6.1	Safety	32
	6.2	Safety instructions for use in potentially explosive atmospheres	35
	6.3	Preparation	37
	6.4	Installation	37
	6.5	Testing and commissioning	49
7	Operat	ion	59
	7.1	Safety	59
	7.2	Safety instructions for use in potentially explosive atmospheres	62
	7.3	Function	63
8	Mainte	nance and Service	64
	8.1	Safety	64
	8.2	Safety instructions for use in potentially explosive atmospheres	67
	8.3	Maintenance/inspection plan	69
9	Trouble	eshooting	77
10	Disass	embly and Disposal	78
	10.1	Safety	78
	10.2	Safety instructions for use in potentially explosive atmospheres	80
	10.3	Disassembly	80
	10.4	Disposal	81
11	Further	Documents	82
	11.1	CE Declarations	82
	11.2	Documentation for electrical equipment	82
	11.3	Replacement parts list	82
	11.4	Product observations	83
	11.5	Final Acceptance Protocol	85



1 General Information

1.1 Information about these operating instructions

These operating instructions enable safe and efficient use of the festoon system (Program 0230Ex/0240Ex).

The operating instructions are a part of the festoon system and must be kept accessible to personnel at all times in the immediate vicinity of the festoon system. Personnel must read these instructions carefully and understand them before starting any work. Compliance with all safety and handling instructions provided in these operating instructions is a basic requirement for safe work.

Local accident protection regulations and general safety guidelines for the area of application of the festoon system also apply.

Illustrations are provided for basic understanding and may deviate from the actual implementation of the festoon system.

In addition to these operating instructions, the instructions located in the appendices for the individual assembled components also apply.

1.2 Limitation of liability

All data and information in these operating instructions have been compiled while taking the valid standards and regulations as well as the state of the art and our many years of experience and knowledge into consideration.

The manufacturer accepts no liability for damage resulting from:

- Failure to comply with the operating instructions
- Unintended use
- Use by untrained personnel
- Unauthorized modifications
- Technical changes
- Use of unauthorized replacement parts or accessories

The actual scope of delivery may differ from the explanations and descriptions provided here if the model in question is a special one, if additional equipment has been ordered or due to recent technical changes.

The obligations agreed upon in the Delivery Agreement and our General Terms and Conditions of Business apply, as do the delivery conditions of the manufacturer and the legal regulations applicable at the time the contract was concluded.

All products are subject to technical changes within the context of improvement of function and further development.



Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

1.3 Copyright

These operating instructions are subject to copyright and are exclusively intended for internal use. Provision of the operating instructions to third parties, reproductions in any form - even in part - as well as the reuse and/or disclosure of their content are not permitted without the written approval of the manufacturer, except for the customer's internal use.

Breach or infringement will result in liability for damages. Our right to further claims remains unaffected.

1.4 Replacement parts



Incorrect replacement parts are a safety hazard!

Incorrect or faulty replacement parts can impair safety and result in damage, malfunctions or complete failure.

→ Always use original replacement parts from the manufacturer!

Order replacement parts from your contracted dealer or directly from the manufacturer. See the last page of these operating instructions for the address.

1.5 Material defects

The terms governing material defects can be found in the General Terms and Conditions of Business.

1.6 Technical support

Our Customer Support staff is available for technical support. See the last page of these operating instructions for contact information.

We are also always interested in new information, experiences and feedback from the field that can help us improve our products.



Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

2 Safety Instructions

2.1 Explanation of symbols

Safety and hazard information is identified in these operator instructions using symbols. Safety instructions are introduced by signal words that indicate the degree of the hazard. Always observe safety and hazard instructions and work carefully to avoid accidents, bodily injury and damage to property!



... indicates an immediately hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result in death or serious injury.



... indicates an immediately hazardous situation due to electricity, which if not avoided, may result in death or serious injury.



... indicates a possibly hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result in death or serious injury.



... indicates a potential fire risk if not avoided.



... indicates a potential explosion if not avoided.



... indicates a possibly hazardous situation due to electricity, which if not avoided, may result in death or serious injury.



... indicates a possibly hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result in moderate or minor injury.



... indicates a possibly hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result in moderate or minor injury.



Tips and recommendations:

- ... refers to useful tips and recommendations as well as information for efficient and trouble-free operation.
- ... indicates measures that will help you prevent material damage.



Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

2.2 Personnel requirements

2.2.1 Qualifications



Inadequately trained persons are at risk of injury!

Unintended use can result in serious injury to persons and property.

 \rightarrow All activities must only be performed by qualified personnel!

The following qualifications for the various levels of activities are indicated in these operating instructions:

Trained personnel/operator

have been instructed by the operator regarding the tasks assigned to them and the possible dangers due to improper behavior.

Specialist personnel

consists of persons capable of performing assigned tasks and independently identifying and avoiding potential hazards based on their specialist training, knowledge and experience as well as their understanding of the applicable regulations.

- Only persons who can be expected to perform their work reliably are acceptable personnel. People whose reactions are impaired by drugs, alcohol or medications, for example, are not authorized.
- When selecting personnel, all age- and occupation-specific regulations applicable at the place of use must be observed.

2.2.2 Unauthorized persons



Hazard due to unauthorized persons!

Unauthorized personnel who do not meet the requirements described here are not acquainted with the dangers in the work area.

- → Keep unauthorized personnel away from the work area
- \rightarrow In case of doubt, address such persons and direct them away from the work area
- \rightarrow Stop working as long as unauthorized personnel are in the work area

2.2.3 Training

Before commissioning, personnel must be trained by the operator. For better traceability, log the implementation of the training as follows

Date	Name	Type of training	Training provided by	Signature

Fig. 1: Training log example



Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

2.3 Personal protective equipment

Always to be worn During all work	Always to be worn	During all work
-----------------------------------	-------------------	-----------------



Protective headgear For protection against falling or flying parts and materials.



Protective gloves

For the protection of hands against friction, scrapes, puncture or deeper wounds, as well as against contact with hot surfaces.



Protective clothing

Primarily for protection against entrapment by moving machine parts. Work clothing must be close fitting with a low resistance to tearing; it must have close-fitting sleeves and no protruding parts.



Protective footwear

For protection against heavy falling parts and slipping on slippery floors.

To be worn for special work

Specific protective equipment is required when executing special work. Separate reference to this is made in the individual sections.



Protective eyewear

For eye protection against harmful influences such as strong light, chemicals, dust, splinters or weather effects.



Hearing protection

For protection against loud noises and to prevent acoustic trauma.



Protective breathing mask (FFP-3 — in accordance with country-specific requirements) For protection against materials, particles, and organisms. In this case, for protection against the dust

produced by the abrasion of carbon brushes and the PVC insulation of the conductor rail.



2.4 Intended use

The festoon system is exclusively designed and built for the intended use described here.

The Festoon System Program 0230Ex/0240Ex and its components are used exclusively for the installation and operation of an electrical energy supply for track-based mobile consumers such as cranes and lifting gear in industrial applications in potentially explosive atmospheres Zones 1 and 21 (see Overview).

Other applications are only permitted with the written approval of Conductix-Wampfler.

Area of application for Conductix-Wampfler Festoon System Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

Mines susceptible to firedamp



Other potentially explosive atmospheres – Gas

Zone 0	Potentially explosive atmosphere occurs continuously, for long periods of time or frequently.	WARNING! Application not permitted
Zone 1	Potentially explosive atmosphere occurs occasionally.	Application permitted
Zone 2	A potentially explosive atmosphere occurs rarely or for a short period of time.	Application permitted

Other potentially explosive atmospheres – Dust

Zone 20	Potentially explosive atmosphere occurs continuously, for long periods of time or frequently.	WARNING! Application not permitted
Zone 21 Potentially explosive atmosphere occurs occasionally.		Application permitted
Zone 22	A potentially explosive atmosphere occurs rarely or for a short period of time.	Application permitted

Note: The zone definition comes from ATEX 137 on explosion protection (Directive 99/92/EC)



Labeling for gas acceptance testing on the end clamp nameplate:

κ IIB T4 Gb X

Letter "h":	Indicates non-electrical equipment.
Gas group IIB:	The equipment is suitable for use in gas atmospheres with a minimum ignition energy ≥ 0.02 mJ.
Temperature class T4:	The equipment is suitable for use in gas atmospheres with a minimum ignition temperature of $\ge 135^{\circ}$ C. At the same time, the manufacturer guarantees that the temperatures of the surfaces that can come into contact with the potentially explosive atmosphere do not exceed 130° C when the equipment is in operation.
Equipment protection level Gb (Gas):	Specific types of protection were used that take ignition sources into account that can occur in normal operation and in the event of expected malfunctions.
Additional identifiers X:	Special ambient temperatures must be observed (the standard defines a temperature range of -20° C to +40° C as standard).

Labeling for gas acceptance testing on the end clamp nameplate:



h IIIC T135° C Db X

Letter "h":	Indicates non-electrical equipment.		
Dust group IIIC:	The equipment is suitable for use in atmospheres with conductive dust.		
Maximum surface temperature T135° C:	The equipment is suitable for use in gas atmospheres with a minimum ignition temperature of $\ge 135^{\circ}$ C. At the same time, the manufacturer guarantees that the temperatures of the surfaces that can come into contact with the potentially explosive atmosphere do not exceed 130° C when the equipment is in operation.		
Equipment protection level Db (Dust):	Specific types of protection were used that take ignition sources into account that can occur in normal operation and in the event of expected malfunctions.		
Additional identifiers X:	Special ambient temperatures must be observed (the standard defines a temperature range of -20° C to +40° C as standard).		





Hazard due to unintended use!

Any application that deviates from or goes beyond the intended use of the festoon system can result in a hazardous situation.

- → Only use the festoon system for its intended use
- \rightarrow Strictly follow all information in these operating instructions
- \rightarrow Refrain from the following uses of the festoon system

Unintended use particularly includes the following:

- ightarrow Use of the festoon system with accessories not permitted and not authorized by the manufacturer
- \rightarrow Operation of the festoon system by untrained personnel
- \rightarrow Operation of the festoon system without its being installed on a proper foundation/base
- → Exceedance of rated load-bearing capacities
- \rightarrow Exceedance of projected speeds
- → Excessive acceleration
- → Use of unsuitable cables

Change in atmospheric conditions (spatial changes to the planned installation site)

Claims of any kind due to damage resulting from unintended use are excluded.

The operator bears sole liability for all damage that results from unintended use.

2.4.1 Unintended use

Unintended use particularly includes the following forms of use:

- Exceedance of projected loads
- Exceedance of projected speeds
- Higher accelerations than projected
- Use of unsuitable cables
- Change in atmospheric conditions (spatial changes to the planned installation site)
- Overloading of electrical components
- Bridging and/or disconnection of electrical sensors or switches
- Use of technically unsuitable guide systems (such as dimensionally inaccurate or corroded track beams, poorly aligned beam joints, etc.)
- Presence of projecting edges at an insufficient clearance on the crane structure surrounding the cable trolley



2.5 Protective measures to be taken by the operator/user

The festoon system is to be used in an industrial setting. The operator of the festoon system is thus subject to legal requirements related to workplace safety. In addition to the safety guidelines in these installation and operating instructions, the safety, accident protection and environmental protection regulations applicable to the area of application of the festoon system must be followed. Therefore, the following particularly applies:

- The operator must ensure that the festoon system will only be used for its intended purpose.
- The operator must be informed of applicable workplace safety regulations and carry out a risk assessment to detect additional dangers resulting from the specific working conditions in the place of operation of the festoon system. This must be implemented in the form of operating instructions for the operation of the festoon system.
- For the entire time of use of the festoon system, the operator must check whether the operating instructions prepared correspond to the current state of regulations and update the operating instructions as needed.
- The operator must clearly manage and define responsibilities for installation, operation, troubleshooting and maintenance.
- The operator must ensure that all employees involved with the festoon system have read and understood these operating instructions. In addition, the operator must also train the personnel at regular intervals and inform them of the dangers.
- The operator must provide personnel with the necessary protective equipment.

Furthermore, the operator is responsible for ensuring that the festoon system is always in a technically perfect condition. The following therefore applies:

- The operator must ensure that the maintenance intervals described in these operating instructions are observed.
- The operator must have all safety systems regularly inspected for functionality and completeness.

The operator must observe the following ordinances, directives and regulations when operating the festoon system:

BetrSichV	German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health
GefStoffV	German Ordinance on Hazardous Substances
Directive 1999/92/EC	ATEX 137 on explosion protection
German Social Accident Insurance Rule 113- 001	Explosion protection rules

2.6 Special hazards

The following section lists residual risks determined on the basis of a risk assessment.

Follow the safety instructions listed here and the warnings in other sections of these operating instructions in order to reduce health hazards and avoid dangerous situations.





Risk of death due to suspended loads!

When lifting loads, there is a risk of death due to parts falling or swinging out of control.

- \rightarrow Never walk under suspended loads
- \rightarrow Only move loads under supervision
- \rightarrow Observe the specifications for the attachment points provided
- → Do not fasten to protruding machine parts or eyes on attached components Ensure that lashing components are properly seated
- \rightarrow Use only authorized lifting gear and lashing components with sufficient load capacity
- \rightarrow Do not use torn or worn ropes and belts
- ightarrow Do not attach ropes or straps at sharp corners and edges and do not knot or twist them
- \rightarrow Set loads down when leaving the workplace



Risk of injury due to moving components!

Incautious handling of the festoon system can lead to severe injury or damage to the festoon system.

- \rightarrow Ensure that the festoon system cannot start on its own
- → While it is moving, do not reach into moving parts, particularly the interface between the buffer and buffer plate
- → Block off the danger zone under the system

DANGER!

Risk of injury due to electrocution!

Risk of severe injury or death due to electric current.

- $\rightarrow\,$ The system engineer/operator must ensure that no projecting contours near the festoon system are able to damage the cables
- → Regularly check cables for wear
- → Before working on the festoon system, the system must be disconnected from power using the main switch and secured against unauthorized, unintentional and/or erroneous activation. In special cases where there is no main switch, the power disconnection must be conducted in accordance with the specifications of the system manufacturer. Check that parts disconnected from power are voltage free, then ground and short-circuit them. Insulate adjacent parts under voltage!
- → Before each commissioning, the crane manufacturer must perform an insulation test for the complete system in which the festoon system is installed in accordance with the local technical standards, regulations and laws
- \rightarrow Provide electrical protection measures in accordance with the regulations for the system



Fire hazard!

Fire hazard if undersized cables are used!

- \rightarrow Do not overload cables
- → The required cable cross-sections must be observed
- → System engineers must design the dimensioning and protective electrical devices in accordance with the permissible load capacity of the cables.
- \rightarrow Connections may only be made by specialist electricians





Risk of tripping due to projecting parts!

There is a risk of tripping when working on the festoon system.

→ When walking in the work areas and danger zones, be careful of projections and depressions in the floor. Loose objects must not be left on the floor



Risk of crushing!

With the complete installation of the festoon system, there is a risk of crushing extremities between load carriers and track profiles.

When moving the festoon system, there is a risk of crushing extremities between the buffer and buffer plate, as well as between the carriage and track profiles.

There is a risk of crushing of the hands when moving the C-rail into the rail connector/hanger clamp.

- → Do not enter the danger zone of the festoon system when the system is moving or during installation
- → Use personal protective equipment (protective gloves, protective headgear, protective footwear) when moving the C-rail



Risk of entrapment!

There is a risk of entrapment when the festoon system is moving.

ightarrow Do not enter the danger zone of the festoon system when the system is moving



2.6.1 Special hazards when used in potentially explosive atmospheres

The following section names residual risks that were determined on the basis of an ignition risk assessment in accordance with DIN EN 15198:2007.

Follow the safety instructions listed here and the warnings in other sections of these operating instructions in order to reduce health hazards and avoid dangerous situations.



Risk of explosion due to inadequate grounding!

The ball bearings of the rollers can have an electrically insulating effect due to the lubricating grease. Due to the effects of friction inside the rollers, the cable trolley can become electrostatically charged with respect to the running rail during operation.

Equipotential bonding is affixed between two cable trolleys. In addition, the running rail is grounded.

- → Install equipotential bonding in accordance with the specifications in these operating instructions
- \rightarrow Before commissioning, check that the equipotential bonding has been correctly installed



Risk of explosion due to exceedance of the permissible operating speed!

The ATEX festoon systems from Conductix-Wampfler are designed in accordance with DIN EN ISO 80079-36 for a maximum operating speed of **1 m/s**.

If this speed limitation is exceeded, explosion protection no longer exists!

 \rightarrow Do not exceed the speed limitation of 1 m/s when operating the system



Risk of explosion due to unapproved equipment attachments!

Equipment attachments to be mounted by the client, such as terminal boxes on control trolleys and control converters, must be suitable for use in the respective Ex zone. The system engineer/operator are responsible for the suitable selection.

- → Only mount suitable equipment attachments
- → When selecting the equipment attachments, take the specific conditions into account (zone, potentially explosive atmosphere, ambient temperature ...)





Risk of explosion if unsuitable cables are used for ATEX festoon systems!

When equipping the system with cables, the requirements of DIN EN 60079-14 must be observed. The cables must have an outer sheath made of the following materials:

- → Heavy polychloroprene or other equivalent synthetic elastomer
- ightarrow Heavy rubber hoses or connecting cables with an equally robust composition

Do not use PVC cables!

Each unused core cable in multi-core cables must either be connected to the grounding at the end or be adequately insulated by means of suitable termination.



Risk of explosion when cleaning the cables, rubber buffers and clamping pieces!

When cleaning the cables, rubber buffers and clamping pieces, these can become electrostatically charged and therefore become a potential source of ignition.

- \rightarrow Only clean cables, rubber buffers and clamping pieces with a damp cloth
- → Only clean cables, rubber buffers and clamping pieces if no potentially explosive atmosphere is present



Risk of explosion due to incorrect clamping of the cables!

If the clamping of the cables is not sufficiently affixed, the cables can become electrostatically charged due to friction during operation of the system and therefore become a potential source of ignition.

- → Clamp the cables in accordance with the specifications in these operating instructions
- → Check that the cables are clamped before commissioning and after maintenance work



Risk of explosion due to undersized cables!

If the cable has been incorrectly laid and the limit of the permissible transmittable current is exceeded, the cable will heat up and the sheath may be damaged. Hot, exposed wires are a potential source of ignition.

→ Whether the cable cross-sections meet the requirements must be checked during the course of commissioning the system





Risk of explosion due to manual operation!

When operating the festoon system manually, friction sparks can arise from pulling/pushing too hard or pulling/pushing from the wrong direction.

- → Fundamentally, careful operation of the system must be ensured when operating the system manually
- \rightarrow Manual operation of the system is prohibited in the presence of a potentially explosive atmosphere



Risk of explosion due to spark formation during installation or service work!

The use of metallic tools during installation or service work can create mechanical sparks which can ignite potentially explosive atmospheres.

- → Conducting installation and service work is prohibited in the presence of a potentially explosive atmosphere
- → Further safety information can be found in TRBS 1112 Part 1 (Explosion hazards during and due to service work Assessment and protective measures)



Risk of explosion due to incorrect connection of cables!

If the cables are not laid in the middle and the moment equilibrium is not maintained, the cable trolley will run at an angle in the rail. This can lead to frictional effects between one or more rollers and the rail interior. As a result, the roller surface can heat up and friction sparks can form.

ightarrow Lay the cables in accordance with the specifications in these operating instructions



Risk of explosion due to incorrect installation of the running rail!

If the cross arm is incorrectly installed and the rail is suspended at an angle as a result, the cable trolleys move at an angle in the rail due to the weight. This can lead to frictional effects between one or more rollers and the rail interior. As a result, the roller surface can heat up and friction sparks can form.

 $\rightarrow\,$ Install the cross arms and running rails in accordance with the specifications in these operating instructions



Risk of explosion due to incorrect installation of the towing arms!

If the towing arm is incorrectly installed, this can lead to the towing trolley moving at an angle in the rail. This can lead to frictional effects between one or more rollers and the rail interior. As a result, the roller surface can heat up and friction sparks can form.

 \rightarrow Install the towing arm in accordance with the specifications in these operating instructions



Risk of explosion due to incorrect cable trolley arrangement!

Always arrange the cable trolleys so that there is at least one rubber buffer between 2 adjacent cable trolleys.



Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex



Risk of explosion due to dust layers!

If dust layers are deposited on hot surfaces, the dust can ignite at temperatures that are below the minimum ignition temperature of the dust.

→ If dust layers are present, the limitation of the maximum surface temperature according to DIN EN 60079-14 (Section 5.6.3.3) must be taken into account

2.6.2 Conduct in the event of accidents and malfunctions

Measures in the event of accidents:

- Secure the location of the accident
- Take first-aid measures
- Remove persons from the danger zone
- Inform responsible persons on the operation site
- Alert the rescue services
- Clear access routes for emergency vehicles

Measures in the event of malfunctions:

- Secure the work area against entry
- Consult qualified personnel when analyzing the fault
- Involve authorized personnel for service and repair
- Shut down the system and secure it against unauthorized, unintentional and/or erroneous activation
- If injury to persons or property occurs during a fault incident, Conductix-Wampfler must be informed immediately



3 Technical Data

3.1 General information

Specification	Value	Notes	
Max. load capacity	20 to 32 kg	Depending on the festoon program selected	
Max. travel speed	60 m/min.	According to DIN EN ISO 80079-36, Sections 6.4.2 and 6.4.3	

3.2 Interfaces

Mechanical:

Track installation (Conductix-Wampfler) with supporting framework (Operator) Ideal control trolley (Conductix-Wampfler) for control box (Operator)

Electrical:

Cables (Conductix-Wampfler) to cable connector on end clamp side (Operator) Cables (Conductix-Wampfler) to cable connector on drive link side (Operator)

Delineation of responsibilities for assemblies/components:

The main assemblies and components are manufactured and supplied by Conductix-Wampfler. Purchased parts such as cable screw connectors, terminal boxes and cables from other suppliers are used and partly installed by the operators themselves. Suitable selection is the responsibility of the system engineer/operator.

Delineation of responsibilities for work in setup, installation and commissioning: Unless otherwise agreed, the setup, final installation, and commissioning are the responsibility of the system engineer/operator.

3.3 Operating conditions

Environment:

For use in enclosed areas, open areas under cover and outdoors. However, whether ATEX zones can occur in open spaces and outdoors is questionable.

Specification	Value	Notes
Max. temperature range	-20° to +50° C	
Relative humidity	20% to 80%	

Note: No corrosive environment



4 Product Description and Functional Principle

4.1 Festoon system overview



The following image is a model illustration. Deviations, depending on the design, are possible. Please observe the order-specific documentation.



Fig. 2: Overview of festoon system with towing trolley





Fig. 3: Overview of festoon system with moving controllers

Pos.	Name	Piece	Comment
1	C-rail		Quantity depends on the system design
2	Cross arm		Quantity depends on the system design
3	Rail connector		Quantity depends on the system design
4	Hanger clamp		Quantity depends on the system design
5	Ground terminal clamp	1	
6	Protective conductor	1	
7	Protective conductor connection	1	
8	End cap	2	
9	End stop	2	
10	Towing trolley Ex/Control trolley upper part Ex	1	
11	Cable trolley Ex		Quantity depends on the system design
12	End clamp Ex	1	
13	Towing rope/equipotential bonding		Quantity depends on the system design
14	End clamp (eye)		Quantity depends on the system design
15	Cable		Quantity depends on the system design
16	Additional steel rope	2	Two pieces per towing rope



Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex



Use only cables suitable for festoon systems!

- \rightarrow Double insulation
- → Flexible design for frequent alternating bending stress
- → Robust outer sheaths
- \rightarrow Use cables suitable for the application and ambient conditions



Risk of explosion if unsuitable cables are used for ATEX festoon systems!

When equipping the system with cables, the requirements of DIN EN 60079-14 must be observed. The cables must have an outer sheath made of the following materials:

- → Heavy polychloroprene or other equivalent synthetic elastomer
- \rightarrow Heavy rubber hoses or connecting cables with an equally robust composition

Do not use PVC cables!

Each unused core cable in multi-core cables must either be connected to the grounding at the end or be adequately insulated by means of suitable termination.

4.2 Brief description

A festoon system consists of C-rails, rail fastening material, end clamps, cable trolleys, towing trolleys and cables. The towing trolley is coupled to the mobile consumer by a towing arm. The towing trolley pulls and/or pushes the following cable trolley.

The design with moving controllers also has a separate running rail parallel to the hosting device track. The system is controlled using a control button (not included in delivery) coupled to the control trolley.

Towing ropes are mounted as standard in the ATEX product lines of the festoon systems. Modified towing ropes are used here, which also provide equipotential bonding between the towing trolley, cable trolley and running rail.

The dimensions of the festoon system can be found in the project-specific dimension sheet.

4.3 Description of assemblies



C-rail

Fig. 4: C-rail



Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex





Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex



Bracket for cross arms, consisting of:

1) Bracket

2) Clamping piece

Fig. 10: Bracket for cross arms



1) Bracket

Weld bracket for cross arms, consisting of:

2) Clamping piece

Fig. 11: Weld bracket for cross arms



- End stop, consisting of:
 - 1) End stop
 - 2) Rubber buffer

Fig. 12: End stop



Eye
For suspension of the towing rope

Fig. 13: Eye



Towing arm

Fig. 14: Towing arm





Fig. 15: End clamp



- End clamp, consisting of:
 - 1) End clamp, top part
 - 2) Support assembly

- Cable trolley, consisting of:
 - 1) Cable trolley, upper part
 - 2) Support assembly

Fig. 16: Cable trolley



- Towing trolley, consisting of:
 - 1) Cable trolley, upper part
 - 2) Tow tube
 - 3) Support assembly

Fig. 17: Towing trolley



Fig. 18: Ideal control trolley with plug connector

Ideal control trolley, consisting of:

- 1) Control trolley, upper part
- 2) Plug connector (or terminal box)
- 3) End clamp for strain relief
- 4) Cable screw connectors
- 5) Housing



Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex



When "equipotential bonding" is referred to in the following, the additional steel rope of the towing rope is meant. Since the towing rope and the equipotential bonding represent a module, the complete module must be replaced if there is a lack of equipotential bonding.



Ground terminal clamp

Fig. 19: Ground terminal clamp



Protective conductor connection

Fig. 20: Protective conductor connection



Fig. 21: Protective conductor



4.4 Work areas and danger zones

The following figure illustrates the festoon system work area. There is a risk of injury due to moving parts in this area.



The following figure is a basic representation of a non-ATEX festoon system. Deviations, depending on the design, are possible. Please observe the order-specific documentation.



Fig. 22: Work area and danger zone

Work areas and danger zones:

- In the area under the festoon system
- Between cable trolleys
- Between cable trolleys and track rails
- Between load carriers and track rails
- In the vicinity of the cables



 \rightarrow



Risk of injury due to moving components!

Contact with the festoon system during operation can lead to severe injuries and damage to the festoon system.

- → During automatic operation, no one may be located in or under the work area of the festoon system
 - In manual operation, ensure that no one is in or under the work area of the festoon system
- \rightarrow Block off the danger zone under the system

4.5 Modes of Operation

The festoon system can be operated in one of two modes

- Automatic operation
- Manual operation

4.5.1 Automatic operation

The standard operating mode is automatic operation, in which the festoon system is operated via the consumer's controller. In this mode, no person may be in or under the work area of the festoon system. The customer must block off the work area.

4.5.2 Manual operation

Manual operation is used for commissioning, maintenance and repair. It may be necessary to make adjustments directly at the festoon system and monitor them.

Note: Observe the safety instructions for manual operation of the ATEX festoon systems!



Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

5 Transport, Packaging and Storage

5.1 Transport

5.1.1 Safety instructions for transport



Risk of death due to suspended loads!

When lifting loads, there is a risk of death due to parts falling or swinging out of control.

- \rightarrow Never walk under suspended loads
 - \rightarrow Block off the danger zone under the system
 - \rightarrow Observe the specifications for the attachment points provided
 - → Do not fasten to protruding machine parts or eyes on attached components Ensure that lashing components are properly seated
 - \rightarrow Use only authorized lifting gear and lashing components with sufficient load capacity
 - \rightarrow Do not use torn or worn ropes and belts
 - ightarrow Do not attach ropes or straps at sharp corners and edges and do not knot or twist them



Damage due to improper transport!

Improper transport can result in substantial property damage.

- → Act with care when unloading packaged parts upon delivery as well as during internal transport, and observe the symbols and the hazard information on the packaging
- \rightarrow Only use the attachment points provided
- → Only remove packaging shortly before installation



Risk of crushing!

There is a risk of crushing hands and feet when handling components during transport.

- \rightarrow Secure the load during transport
- → Use appropriate means of transport (lifting gear)
- → Use personal protective equipment (protective gloves, protective headgear, protective footwear)





Risk of injury due to falling objects!

There is a risk due to falling objects in case of improper use (incorrect assembly, misuse, lack of maintenance).

- → Secure the load adequately during transport
- → Check the integrity of the packaging before transport
- \rightarrow Use appropriate means of transport (lifting gear)
- ightarrow When packaging, ensure that the packing has the appropriate load-bearing capacity
- → Use personal protective equipment (protective gloves, protective headgear, protective footwear)

5.1.2 Transport inspection

Immediately upon receipt, check the delivery for completeness and transport damage. In case of externally visible damage, proceed as follows:

- Do not accept delivery, or accept it only with reservations
- Note the scope of damage on the transport documents or on the transporter's delivery note
- File a complaint



File a complaint on each defect as soon as it is detected. Damage compensation claims may only be made within the applicable claim periods.

5.2 Packaging

The individual packages are packed appropriately for the expected transportation conditions. We have exclusively used environmentally sound packing material.

The packaging has the function of protecting the individual components against transport damage, corrosion and other damage until they are installed. Hence, do not destroy the packaging; remove it only shortly before installation.

Handling packaging materials:

Dispose of packaging material in accordance with applicable legal regulations and local guidelines.



Environmental damage due to improper disposal!

Packaging materials are valuable resources and can be reused or usefully processed or recycled in many cases.

- → Dispose of packaging materials in an environmentally appropriate manner
- → Comply with locally applicable disposal guidelines; if necessary, engage a specialist to handle disposal



Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

5.3 Storage of packaged parts

Store packaged parts under the following conditions:

- Do not store outdoors
- Store in a dry, dust-free place
- Do not expose to aggressive media
- Protect from direct sunlight
- Avoid mechanical vibrations
- Storage temperature: +5 to +50° C
- Relative humidity: Max. 50%
- In case of a storage time of more than 3 months, check the general condition of all parts at regular intervals. If necessary, refresh or replace the preservative.



In some cases, there may be instructions for storage on the packed parts that go beyond the requirements listed here. Comply with them accordingly.



Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

6 Installation and Commissioning

6.1 Safety

Personnel:

Installation and commissioning may only be conducted by specially trained technicians.

Wear the following protective equipment during all installation and commissioning work:

- Protective clothing
- Protective headgear
- Protective footwear
- Protective gloves



Risk of death due to suspended loads!

When lifting loads, there is a risk of death due to parts falling or swinging out of control.

- \rightarrow Never walk under suspended loads
- → Block off the danger zone under the system
- \rightarrow Only move loads under supervision
- → Observe the specifications for the attachment points provided
- → Do not fasten to protruding machine parts or eyes on attached components Ensure that lashing components are properly seated
- → Use only authorized lifting gear and lashing components with sufficient load capacity
- \rightarrow Do not use torn or worn ropes and belts
- → Do not attach ropes or straps at sharp corners and edges and do not knot or twist them
- \rightarrow Set loads down when leaving the workplace



Risk of injury due to improper installation and commissioning!

Improper installation and commissioning can result in serious injury to person and property.

- → Before starting work, ensure there is sufficient space for the installation
- \rightarrow Handle open, sharp-edged components carefully
- → Ensure that the installation area is clean and tidy! Loosely stacked or scattered components and tools can cause accidents
- → Install components properly Comply with the prescribed screw tightening torques
- \rightarrow Secure components so they cannot fall or topple





Risk of injury due to sharp edges!

The ends of the rail profiles can have sharp edges, particularly if they were cut to size at the installation site and not deburred.

→ Use personal protective equipment (protective gloves, protective headgear, protective footwear)



Risk of injury due to electrocution!

Risk of severe injury or death due to electric current.

- $\rightarrow\,$ The system engineer/operator must ensure that no projecting contours near the festoon system are able to damage the cables
- \rightarrow Regularly check cables for wear
- → Before working on the festoon system, the system must be disconnected from power using the main switch and secured against unauthorized, unintentional, and/or erroneous activation. In special cases where there is no main switch, the power disconnection must be conducted in accordance with the specifications of the system manufacturer. Check that parts disconnected from power are voltage free, then ground and short-circuit them. Insulate adjacent parts under voltage!
- → Before each commissioning, the crane manufacturer must perform an insulation test for the complete system in which the festoon system is installed in accordance with the local technical standards, regulations and laws
- ightarrow Provide electrical protection measures in accordance with the regulations for the system



Risk of entrapment!

There is a risk of entrapment when the festoon system is moving.

- ightarrow Do not enter the danger zone of the festoon system when the system is moving
- \rightarrow The customer must block off the danger zone of the system
- ightarrow Before starting work, shut down the system and secure it against accidental start



Risk of injury due to falling objects!

There is a risk due to falling objects in case of improper use (incorrect assembly, lack of attention).

- → Block off a generous area underneath the system!
- → Keep the time specialist installers spend in the danger zone to a minimum
- → Wear protective headgear!



Risk of injury due to slipping and falling!

There is a risk of injury due to a dangerous environment or difficult installation conditions. For example, near cranes, in difficult-to-access locations, etc.

- → Use personal protective equipment (protective gloves, protective headgear, protective footwear)
- \rightarrow Keep the location tidy
- → Only use secure scaffolding
- → Take appropriate safety measures





Unsafe operation of the system!

System components fail due to installation errors!

- \rightarrow Do not stay in the danger zone under the system
- \rightarrow Comply with the maximum load and speed limitations
- \rightarrow After completing the installation, perform a test run of the system only at very low speed
- \rightarrow Check the system in accordance with the maintenance plan and perform regular maintenance



6.2 Safety instructions for use in potentially explosive atmospheres



Risk of explosion due to unapproved equipment attachments!

Equipment attachments to be mounted by the client, such as terminal boxes on control trolleys and control converters, must be suitable for use in the respective Ex zone. The system engineer/operator are responsible for the suitable selection.

- → Only mount suitable equipment attachments
- → When selecting the equipment attachments, take the specific conditions into account (zone, potentially explosive atmosphere, ambient temperature ...)



Risk of explosion if unsuitable cables are used for ATEX festoon systems!

When equipping the system with cables, the requirements of DIN EN 60079-14 must be observed. The cables must have an outer sheath made of the following materials:

- \rightarrow Heavy polychloroprene or other equivalent synthetic elastomer
- ightarrow Heavy rubber hoses or connecting cables with an equally robust composition

Do not use PVC cables!

Each unused core cable in multi-core cables must either be connected to grounding at the end or be adequately insulated by means of suitable termination.



Risk of explosion due to incorrect clamping of the cables!

If the clamping of the cables is not sufficiently affixed, the cables can become electrostatically charged due to friction during operation of the system and therefore become a potential source of ignition.

- \rightarrow Clamp the cables in accordance with the specifications in these operating instructions
- $\rightarrow~$ Check that the cables are clamped before commissioning and after maintenance work



Risk of explosion due to undersized cables!

If the cable has been incorrectly laid and the limit of the permissible transmittable current is exceeded, the cable will heat up and the sheath may be damaged. Hot, exposed wires are a potential source of ignition.

→ Whether the cable cross-sections meet the requirements must be checked during the course of commissioning the system



WARNING!

Always arrange the cable trolleys so that there is at least one rubber buffer between 2 adjacent cable trolleys.





Risk of explosion due to manual operation!

When operating the festoon system manually, friction sparks can arise from pulling/pushing too hard or pulling/pushing from the wrong direction.

- → Fundamentally, careful operation of the system must be ensured when operating the system manually
- \rightarrow Manual operation of the system is prohibited in the presence of a potentially explosive atmosphere



Risk of explosion due to spark formation during installation or service work!

The use of metallic tools during installation or service work can create mechanical sparks that can ignite potentially explosive atmospheres.

- → Conducting installation and service work is prohibited in the presence of a potentially explosive atmosphere
- → Further safety information can be found in TRBS 1112 Part 1 (Explosion hazards during and due to service work Assessment and protective measures)



Risk of explosion due to incorrect connection of cables!

If the cables are not laid in the middle and the moment equilibrium is not maintained, the cable trolley will run at an angle in the rail. This can lead to frictional effects between one or more rollers and the rail interior. As a result, the roller surface can heat up and friction sparks can form.

ightarrow Lay the cables in accordance with the specifications in these operating instructions



Risk of explosion due to incorrect installation of the running rail!

If the cross arm is incorrectly installed and the rail is suspended at an angle as a result, the cable trolleys move at an angle in the rail due to the weight. This can lead to frictional effects between one or more rollers and the rail interior. As a result, the roller surface can heat up and friction sparks can form.

 \rightarrow Install the cross arms and running rails in accordance with the specifications in these operating instructions



Risk of explosion due to incorrect installation of the towing arms!

If the towing arm is incorrectly installed, this can lead to the towing trolley moving at an angle in the rail. This can lead to frictional effects between one or more rollers and the rail interior. As a result, the roller surface can heat up and friction sparks can form.

 \rightarrow Install the towing arm in accordance with the specifications in these operating instructions


Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

6.3 Preparation

Required tools:

- Drill
- Metal drill
- Open-end wrench
- Corrosion protection
- Lubricant
- Calipers

6.4 Installation

Personnel:

- May only be conducted by trained technicians
- Min. 2 persons



Risk of tripping due to projecting parts!

There is a risk of tripping when working on the festoon system.

→ When walking in the work areas and danger zones, be careful of projections and depressions in the floor. Loose objects must not be left on the floor



Risk of crushing!

With the complete installation of the festoon system, there is a risk of crushing extremities between load carriers and track profiles.

When moving the festoon system, there is a risk of crushing extremities between the buffer and buffer plate, as well as between the carriage and track profiles.

There is a risk of crushing of the hands when moving the C-rail into the rail connector/hanger clamp.

- → Do not enter the danger zone of the festoon system when the system is moving or during installation
- → Use personal protective equipment (protective gloves, protective headgear, protective footwear) when moving the C-rail



6.4.1 Installing the track rails

6.4.1.1 General information



- → Before installing the C-rails, the rail segments and any rail bends must be dimensioned according to the track layout. There is a rail connector at each rail joint.
- → Observe the hanger spacing in the specifications within the product catalog for each system. On curves, the distance is reduced to 2/3 of the distance on straight rails. Please see the system documentation for the recommended hanger spacing.

6.4.1.2 Rail installation on ceiling and wall structures



- $\rightarrow\,$ When installing C-rails on ceiling and wall structures at the customer's site, suitable hanger clamps must be used
- → The direct fastening of C-rails by drilling and screwing the rails without the use of hanger clamps should be avoided in all cases. The restriction of the gap profile of the C-rails by screw heads, etc. would mean that the operability of the cable trolleys could no longer be assured.



6.4.1.3 Rail installation on I-beams using cross arms

The cross arms are fastened first to steel beams using clamping brackets and then the hanger clamps are pushed onto the cross arms and screwed in place.



→ The distance between the outer edge of the cross arm and the steel beam must be a minimum of 60 mm

The distance between the outer edge of the cross arm and the middle of the steel beam must be at least 60 mm



Fig. 23: Rail installation using cross arms on the upper or lower side of an I-beam

Pos. Name	
1 Cross arm	
2	Clamping bracket
3	Hanger clamp
4	C-rail

6.4.1.4 Rail mounting on steel beams using weld brackets

The weld brackets are firmly welded to the steel beams. Then the cross arms are screwed to the weld brackets and the hanger clamps to the cross arms. The welding process and implementation – in a manner appropriate to the local conditions – are the responsibility of the operator!



The distance between the outer edge of the cross arm and the middle of the steel beam must be at least 60 mm!





Fig. 24: Rail mounting using a weld bracket on the support structure

Pos.	Name	
1	Weld bracket	
2	Cross arm	
3	Hanger clamp	
4	C-rail	

6.4.1.5 Hanger clamp

The hanger clamps are slid onto the rail and then fastened to the beam structure together with the rail. Alternatively, the hanger clamps can first be fastened to the beam structure and then the C-rail segments can be slid in. Then the C-rails are fastened to the hanger clamps using locking screws.



→ The C-rails must be secured in the first and last hanger clamps against movement in the lengthwise direction. Holes are also drilled into the rail bar, into which the locking screws are screwed. Ensure that the screw ends do not protrude within the interior of the rail.



Fig. 25: Secure the rails against slipping out



6.4.1.6 Rail connector

The rail connector is pushed onto the joint of the C-rail segment to half its length and clamped in place. The correct position can be determined by the view hole. Then the second C-rail segment is inserted and clamped without leaving a gap. Ensure that the locking screws are evenly tightened so that the rail is not offset.



Pos.	Name
1	C-rail
2	ATEX rail connector



6.4.1.7 Ground terminal clamp



Fig. 27: C-rail grounding

Pos.	Name
1	Ground terminal clamp
2	C-rail
3	Protective conductor
4	Protective conductor connection
5	Steel structure (customer side)

6.4.2 End clamp and end stop

The end stop is slid into the C-rail and clamped to limit the travel. Space is left at the rail end for the end clamp. The end clamp is fastened behind the end stop on the rail.



Secure the end stop with a screw perpendicular to the rail!

The distance "E" between the middle of the end clamp and the end stop must be at least one cable trolley length.





Fig. 28: End clamp and end stop

Pos.	Name
1	C-rail
2	ATEX cable trolley
3	End stop
4	Eye
5	ATEX towing rope
6	ATEX end clamp

6.4.3 Cable trolley

Cable trolleys are pushed into the front of the track rail.



- → The festoon system is adjusted at the factory for the corresponding track profile. Subsequent adjustment is not necessary
 - Arrange the cable trolleys with a buffer on one side such that there is always one rubber buffer between two adjacent cable trolleys

6.4.4 Towing trolley



- ightarrow The towing arm must have sufficient play in all directions within the towing window
- ightarrow The towing arm should be aligned such that it is in the center of the towing window



Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex



Fig. 29: Towing arm alignment

Pos.	Name
1	ATEX towing trolley
2	Towing arm

6.4.5 Laying round cables



Only use suitable cables!

The cables must meet the specified criteria (see Section 4.1)



Fire hazard!

Fire hazard if undersized cables are used!

 \rightarrow The required cable cross-sections must be observed



Danger due to improper cable installation!

Incorrect arrangement of the cables in the cable bundles and the loop may result in cable damage and electric shocks.

- → Use only specialist electricians to connect cables
- \rightarrow Check the cables regularly for signs of wear or damage



The cable layout projected for the festoon system must be adhered to. The following rules apply:

- \rightarrow Place the cable bundle in the middle of the track beam for moment equilibrium
- \rightarrow Arrange cables with a large copper cross-section symmetrically and in the center of the trolley
- → For multi-level cable trolley cables, arrange the heaviest cable weights per meter on the uppermost supports
- → When using multi-level cable trolleys, lay the cables on the respective upper support with slightly less slack in terms of length than the cables laying on lower supports
- → The clamping braces of the supports must be screwed into place firmly enough to prevent thin cables from being pulled through during operation, while still not damaging the cables due to excessive clamping. If necessary, additional clamping pieces can be used



Diameter differences:

Where possible, there should not be too great a difference in the diameter of round cables in order to ensure firm clamping to the cable supports.

ATTENTION!





Fig. 30: Differences in diameter



Clamping pieces:

For differences in diameter of adjacent cables by more than 15 mm, additional clamping pieces should be used for firm clamping.



Fig. 31: Use of a clamping piece



Cable moment equilibrium:

When positioning the cables, it important to ensure moment equilibrium. Arrange the thicker, heavier cables in the middle.



Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex





Moment imbalanced \rightarrow Not permitted!

Fig. 32: Cable moment equilibrium

6.4.6 Laying flat cables



Only use suitable cables!

The cables must meet the specified criteria (see Section 4.1)



Fire hazard!

Fire hazard if undersized cables are used!

 \rightarrow The required cable cross-sections must be observed



Danger due to improper cable installation!

Incorrect arrangement of the cables in the cable bundles and the loop may result in cable damage and electric shocks.

- → Use only specialist electricians to connect cables
- \rightarrow Check the cables regularly for signs of wear or damage

Comply with the cable layout projected for the festoon system. The following rules apply:

- \rightarrow Place the cable bundle in the middle of the track beam for moment equilibrium
- → Where flat cables are laid in layers, each higher layer of cables should be laid with slightly less slack in terms of length than those below
- → When using multi-level cable trolleys, the cables on the respective upper support should be laid with slightly less slack in terms of length than the cables laying on lower supports
- → Arrange cables with large copper cross-sections symmetric to the trolley center and as the very top cable in the bundle





Thicker energy core cables (e.g. 4x50) are to be laid at the top of the cable bundle. This ensures a good heat dissipation and a firm clamping of smalle=r cables. Tensile forces that occur during movement can be absorbed by these cables.



6.4.7 Installing towing rope/equipotential bonding

With the ATEX festoon systems, the towing rope is also used for equipotential bonding. The ATEX Standard, DIN EN ISO 80079-36 (Section 6.7.2) requires the installation of a grounding connection if insulated metal parts can become charged. Electrostatic charges are thus dissipated via the towing rope. For this purpose, the towing rope has an additional steel rope that is screwed to the upper part of the cable trolley and ensures a permanent electrical connection.

The towing rope is installed between two cable trolleys, end clamps and cable trolley or between a towing trolley and a cable trolley.



- \rightarrow It is important to ensure that the carabiner and thimbles can move freely after installation
- → To attach the towing ropes, an additional eye must be installed between the end clamp and the end stop
- → The additional steel rope with the cable lug is screwed to the upper part of the cable trolley using an additional hole (see Fig. 34)
- → It is important to ensure that the additional steel rope for equipotential bonding makes an upward bend. Otherwise, the steel rope can get caught in the rail when it is pushed upward.



Festoon Systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex



The carabiner must be able to move freely after installation

Fig. 34: Installation of the towing rope/equipotential bonding on the cable trolley



Fig. 35: Installation of the towing rope/equipotential bonding at the eye and the end clamp

Pos.	Name	
1	End stop	
2	Eye	
3	ATEX towing rope	
4	ATEX end clamp	



Testing and commissioning 6.5



Risk of injury due to improper commissioning!

Improper commissioning can cause dangerous situations for the personnel.

- → Before commissioning, conduct the tests in the manufacturer's test list
- → Never start the festoon system without testing in accordance with the manufacturer's test list
- Before commissioning, perform a visual inspection and conduct the prescribed testing \rightarrow work
- \rightarrow Refrain from any unsafe work procedures
- → Notify the responsible person immediately of any damage to the festoon system
- Secure the festoon system against accidental or unauthorized operation \rightarrow
- Entering the operating area of the festoon system is forbidden! \rightarrow



Risk of tripping due to projecting parts!

There is a risk of tripping when working on the festoon system.

There is a risk of entrapment when the festoon system is moving.

 \rightarrow When walking in the work areas and danger zones, be careful of projections and depressions in the floor. Loose objects must not be left on the floor.



Risk of crushing!

Risk of entrapment!

When the festoon system is moving, there is a danger of crushing limbs between the buffer and buffer plate, as well as between the carriage and the track carrier.

 \rightarrow Do not enter the danger zone of the festoon system when the system is moving





\rightarrow Do not enter the danger zone of the festoon system when the system is moving

Risk of injury due to electrocution!

Risk of severe injury or death due to electric current.

- \rightarrow Before working on the festoon system, the system must be disconnected from power using the main switch and secured against unauthorized, unintentional, and/or erroneous activation. In special cases where there is no main switch, the power disconnection must be conducted in accordance with the specifications of the system manufacturer. Check that parts disconnected from power are voltage free, then ground and short-circuit them. Insulate adjacent parts under voltage!
- Before each commissioning, the crane manufacturer must perform an insulation test for \rightarrow the complete system in which the festoon system is installed in accordance with the local technical standards, regulations and laws





Risk of injury due to slipping and falling!

There is a risk of injury due to a dangerous environment or difficult installation conditions. For example, near cranes, in difficult-to-access locations, etc.

- → Use personal protective equipment (protective gloves, protective headgear, protective footwear)
- \rightarrow Keep the location tidy
- \rightarrow Only use secure scaffolding
- \rightarrow Take appropriate safety measures

Commissioning of the festoon system is carried out together with the system operator and is documented. All necessary personnel for commissioning, such as operators, electricians and installation technicians, must be provided by the system operator for the duration of the commissioning. Free access to the system must be ensured. After commissioning is complete, Conductix-Wampfler will receive an authorized final acceptance protocol from the operator, in which it is logged that the system corresponds to the requirements.

Operating Instructions
Festoon systems for C-rails
for potentially explosive atmospheres
Program 0230Ex/0240Ex
Commissioning Checklist



6.5.1 Commissioning Checklist



This checklist serves as a guideline to ensure safe operation of the festoon system. The operating instructions are intended for qualified specialists who install the festoon systems, operate them and who are familiar with the requirements regarding work safety and accident prevention.

If Conductix-Wampfler performed the commissioning, the final acceptance protocol on the last page should be filled out.

Customer:		Customer No.:	
		Order No.:	
Purchaser:		Order No.:	
Commissioning Location	n:	Zip Code:	
Stre	et:	Country:	
System Nan	ne:		
Start of Commissionin	ng:		Commissioner
End of Commissionin	ng:	Name:	
		Date:	
		Signature:	



Checks with the system at a standstill			ОК	NOK
A01	The consumer guideway corresponds to the project-specific technical documentation.			
A02	The depot length of the festoon system corresponds to the project-specific technical documentation.			
A03	All screws used are of sufficient length and are protected. The projecting ends of the screws are visible (min. 2 thread projection).			
A04	The towing arm is mounted in the middle of the window of the towing trolley and has play on all sides.			
A05	The festoon system track rails are installed in accordance with the installation instructions.			
A06	The end clamp, end stop, eye and ground terminal clamp are properly installed.			
A07	All hanger clamps and rail connectors are secure.			
A08	The grounding connection from the track rail to the support structure ground point has been properly executed.			
A09	Cables are laid on supports in accordance with specifications in the cable layout recommendation (see project-specific technical documentation).			
A10	Loop lengths of the cables correspond to the specifications of the project-specific technical documentation. The permissible length deviation is ±50 mm.	Actual value		
A11	Cables are laid free of twists.			
A12	Cables show no damage caused by transport or installation.			



A13	The cables are mounted on the supports in such a way that the cable trolleys run horizontally on the track profile (cable moment equilibrium on the right and left supports). Cable clamps firmly tightened so that cables cannot be pulled out manually, but still with enough play that the cables are also not crushed.	
A14	Cable ends (installation lengths) are arranged with sufficient strain relief and the correct length to the end or towing side.	
A15	Unused core cables are either connected to grounding at the end or adequately insulated by means of suitable termination.	
A16	The laid cables meet the requirements for ATEX festoon systems (see safety instructions in Section 4.1).	
A17	The additional steel ropes of the towing ropes that realize the equipotential bonding are firmly screwed to the cable trolleys, the towing trolley and the end clamp.	
A18	Special component parts such as spacers, additional clamp pieces and guide rings are installed in accordance with the project-specific technical documentation.	
A19	The length of the installed towing ropes for each cable loop corresponds to the project-specific technical documentation. The permissible length deviation is ±50 mm.	
A20	Ensure that the carabiners for fastening the towing rope can be freely moved after installation.	
A21	Towing ropes show no damage caused by transport or installation.	
A22	The towing ropes are not twisted.	
A23	Check steel structure for collision-free travel of the festoon system. No catching or snagging of cables and towing ropes.	



A24	The track profile for the festoon system in alignment to the crane carrier is mounted straight in accordance with the tolerance requirements.	
A25	Track beam joints have no height and side offset.	
A26	The corrosion protection is undamaged and intact.	
A27	Rubber buffers are present on the end stops/cable trolleys. The trolleys are so aligned that there is always at least one rubber buffer between 2 adjacent trolleys.	
A28	All buffers strike one another or the deflector in the center - none are offset too high.	
A29	The buffer of the final cable trolley meets the end stop in the center.	
A30	There is a rubber shock absorber in the tow tube of the tow trolley.	
A31	The nameplate with labeling in accordance with the ATEX Directive is present on the end clamp side or the towing side.	



Inspec Movemer Movemer	ОК	NOK	
B01			
B02	Inspection of the loop lengths at maximum extension festoon system corresponds to the project-specific technical documentation.		
B03	All rollers run smoothly and without blocking.		
B04	No catching or snagging of cables and towing ropes.		
B05	No operation at speeds of > 1 m/s should be possible.		

Inspec Movemer end in the	ОК	NOK	
C01	Installed clearance between the cable trolley and the crane structure is sufficient throughout the entire route to ensure that no collisions with cable trolleys or their assemblies can occur.		
C02	Inspection of the loop lengths at maximum extension festoon system corresponds to the project-specific technical documentation.		



C03	All rollers run smoothly and without blocking.	
C04	No catching or snagging of cables and towing ropes.	
C05	No operation at speeds of > 1 m/s should be possible.	

Inspec Movement Movement	ОК	NOK		
D01	D01 Installed clearance between the cable trolley and the crane structure is sufficient throughout the entire route to ensure that no collisions with cable trolleys or their assemblies can occur.			
D02	Inspection of the loop lengths at maximum extension festoon system corresponds to the project-specific technical documentation.			
D03	All rollers run smoothly and without blocking.			
D04	No catching or snagging of cables and towing ropes.			
D05	No operation at speeds of > 1 m/s should be possible.			

Operating Instructions			
Festoon systems for C-rails			
for potentially explosive atmospheres			
Program 0230Ex/0240Ex			
Commissioning Checklist			



Inspection of running systems in operating mode over 30 minutes.			NOK
E01	Installed clearance between the cable trolley and the crane structure is sufficient throughout the entire route to ensure that no collisions with cable trolleys or their assemblies can occur.		
E02	Inspection of the loop lengths at maximum extension festoon system corresponds to the project-specific technical documentation.		
E03	All rollers run smoothly and without blocking.		
E04	No catching or snagging of cables and towing ropes.		
E05	No operation at speeds of > 1 m/s should be possible.		

Documentation			
F01	Project-specific documentation such as the technical data, system diagrams, cable layout recommendation and round/flat cable clamping layouts is available and complete at the customer's facility.		



Comments/Other



7 Operation

7.1 Safety



Risk of death due to suspended loads!

When lifting loads, there is a risk of death due to parts falling or swinging out of control.

- \rightarrow Never walk under suspended loads
- \rightarrow Block off the danger zone under the system
- \rightarrow Only move loads under supervision
- → Observe the specifications for the attachment points provided
- → Do not fasten to protruding machine parts or eyes on attached components Ensure that lashing components are properly seated
- → Use only authorized lifting gear and lashing components with sufficient load capacity
- \rightarrow Do not use torn or worn ropes and belts
- \rightarrow Do not attach ropes or straps at sharp corners and edges and do not knot or twist them
- \rightarrow Set loads down when leaving the workplace



Risk of injury due to improper operation!

Improper operation can result in serious injury to persons and property.

- \rightarrow Conduct all operating steps in accordance with the specifications of these operating instructions
- → Before starting work, ensure that all covers and safety systems are installed and working properly
- \rightarrow Never disable the safety systems during operation
- → Maintain order and cleanliness in the work area! Loosely stacked or scattered components and tools can cause accidents



Unauthorized personnel are at risk!

Unauthorized personnel who do not meet the requirements described here are not acquainted with the dangers in the work area.

- \rightarrow Keep unauthorized personnel away from the work area
- ightarrow In case of doubt, address such persons and direct them away from the work area
- \rightarrow Stop working as long as unauthorized personnel are in the work area



Risk of tripping due to projecting parts!

There is a risk of tripping when working on the festoon system.

→ When walking in the work area and danger zone, be careful of projections and depressions in the floor. Loose objects must not be left on the floor





Risk of crushing!

When the trolleys move, there is a risk of crushing hands between two cable trolleys or between a cable trolley and an end stop.

- $\rightarrow\,$ The customer must cordon off the danger zone of the system or have it installed in an inaccessible area
- → Use personal protective equipment (protective gloves, protective headgear, protective footwear)



Risk of entrapment!

There is a risk of entrapment when the festoon system is moving.

- ightarrow Do not enter the travel area of the festoon system when the system is moving
- \rightarrow The customer must block off the danger zone of the system



Risk of injury due to falling objects!

There is a risk due to falling parts in case of improper use (incorrect assembly, misuse, lack of maintenance).

→ Perform maintenance on a regular basis!



Risk of injury due to electrocution!

Risk of severe injury or death due to electric current.

- → The system engineer/operator must ensure that no projecting contours near the festoon system are able to damage the cables
- \rightarrow Regularly check cables for wear
- → Before working on the festoon system, the system must be disconnected from power using the main switch and secured against unauthorized, unintentional, and/or erroneous activation. In special cases where there is no main switch, the power disconnection must be conducted in accordance with the specifications of the system manufacturer. Check that parts disconnected from power are voltage free, then ground and short-circuit them. Insulate adjacent parts under voltage!
- → Before each commissioning, the crane manufacturer must perform an insulation test for the complete system in which the festoon system is installed in accordance with the local technical standards, regulations and laws
- \rightarrow Provide electrical protection measures in accordance with the regulations for the system





Risk of burns!

Burns can be caused by:

- Live components
- Overload
- Components that have become live due to a fault
- Short circuits

Remedial measures:

- → Do not overload cables!
- → System engineers must design the dimensioning and protective electrical devices in accordance with the permissible load capacity of the cables
- \rightarrow Connections may only be made by specialist electricians



Fire hazard!

Fire hazard if undersized cables are used!

- \rightarrow Do not overload cables
 - \rightarrow The required cable cross-sections must be observed
 - $\rightarrow\,$ System engineers must design the dimensioning and protective electrical devices in accordance with the permissible load capacity of the cables
 - \rightarrow Connections may only be made by specialist electricians



Unsafe operation of the system!

System components fail due to installation errors!

- \rightarrow Do not stay in the danger zone under the system
- \rightarrow Comply with the maximum load and speed limitations
- → After completing the installation, perform a test run of the system only at very low speed
- → Check the system in accordance with the maintenance plan and perform regular maintenance



Breakage during operation due to an installation error!

Breakage of a load-bearing roller axle and other festoon system components or the track suspension can be caused by installation errors!

- \rightarrow Do not stay in the danger zone under the system
- \rightarrow Comply with the maximum load and speed limitations
- → Check the system in accordance with the maintenance plan and perform regular maintenance

Personnel:

Operation only by trained personnel!



7.2 Safety instructions for use in potentially explosive atmospheres



Risk of explosion due to inadequate grounding!

The ball bearings of the rollers can have an electrically insulating effect due to the lubricating grease. Due to the effects of friction inside the rollers, the cable trolley can become electrostatically charged with respect to the running rail during operation.

Equipotential bonding is affixed between two cable trolleys. In addition, the running rail is grounded.

- $\rightarrow\,$ Install equipotential bonding in accordance with the specifications in these operating instructions
- ightarrow Before commissioning, check that the equipotential bonding has been correctly installed



Risk of explosion due to exceedance of the permissible operating speed!

The ATEX festoon systems from Conductix-Wampfler are designed in accordance with DIN EN ISO 80079-36 for a maximum operating speed of **1 m**/s.

If this speed limitation is exceeded, explosion protection no longer exists!

 \rightarrow Do not exceed the speed limitation of 1 m/s when operating the system



Risk of explosion due to dust layers!

If dust layers are deposited on hot surfaces, the dust can ignite at temperatures that are below the minimum ignition temperature of the dust.

→ If dust layers are present, the limitation of the maximum surface temperature according to DIN EN 60079-14 (Section 5.6.3.3) must be taken into account



Risk of explosion due to incorrect connection of cables!

If the cables are not laid in the middle and the moment equilibrium is not maintained, the cable trolley will run at an angle in the rail. This can lead to frictional effects between one or more rollers and the rail interior. As a result, the roller surface can heat up and friction sparks can form.

→ Lay the cables in accordance with the specifications in these operating instructions



Risk of explosion due to incorrect clamping of the cables!

If the clamping of the cables is not sufficiently affixed, the cables can become electrostatically charged due to friction during operation of the system and therefore become a potential source of ignition.

- \rightarrow Clamp the cables in accordance with the specifications in these operating instructions
- \rightarrow Check that the cables are clamped before commissioning and after maintenance work





Risk of explosion due to incorrect installation of the running rail!

If the cross arm is incorrectly installed and the rail is suspended at an angle as a result, the cable trolleys move at an angle in the rail due to the weight. This can lead to frictional effects between one or more rollers and the rail interior. As a result, the roller surface can heat up and friction sparks can form.

→ Install the cross arms and running rails in accordance with the specifications in these operating instructions



Risk of explosion due to incorrect installation of the towing arms!

If the towing arm is incorrectly installed, this can lead to the towing trolley moving at an angle in the rail. This can lead to frictional effects between one or more rollers and the rail interior. As a result, the roller surface can heat up and friction sparks can form.

ightarrow Install the towing arm in accordance with the specifications in these operating instructions

7.3 Function

The towing trolley is coupled to the mobile consumer by a towing arm. The towing trolley pulls and/or pushes the following cable trolley. The cables are held on the supports with clamping bars. For improved shock absorption when trolleys meet, buffers are placed on the festoon system.

Towing ropes are mounted as standard in the ATEX product lines of the festoon systems. Modified towing ropes are used here, which also provide equipotential bonding between the towing trolley, cable trolley and running rail.

Use the dimensions of the festoon system in the project-specific dimension sheet.

During operation, check the system for any changes in operating noise and irregularities.

If irregularities are identified during operation, the system must be shut down immediately. Determine the cause of the fault using the Fault Table (see Section 9).

The Fault Table includes the cause of faults as well as the recommendations for their remedy. If the cause cannot be identified, or a repair cannot be affected using the operator's own resources, we recommend that a customer service engineer be called from one of our customer service points.



Festoon systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

8 Maintenance and Service

8.1 Safety



Risk of injury due to improper maintenance works!

- \rightarrow Improper maintenance can cause serious injuries to persons or damage to property
- → Before starting work, ensure there is sufficient space for the installation
- → Ensure that the installation area is clean and tidy! Loosely stacked or scattered components and tools can cause accidents
- → If components have been removed, be careful to reinstall them properly, replace all fastening elements and comply with screw tightening torques



Risk of injury due to moving components!

Incautious handling of the festoon system can lead to severe injury or damage to the festoon system.

- \rightarrow Ensure that the festoon system cannot start on its own
- → While it is moving, do not reach into moving parts, particularly the interface between the buffer and buffer plate
- \rightarrow Block off the danger zone under the system



Risk of tripping due to projecting parts!

There is a risk of tripping when working on the festoon system.

→ When walking in the work areas and danger zones, be careful of projections and depressions in the floor. No loose objects may be left on the floor.



Risk of crushing!

With the complete installation of the festoon system, there is a risk of crushing extremities between load carriers and track profiles.

When moving the festoon system, there is a risk of crushing extremities between the buffer and buffer plate, as well as between the carriage and track profiles.

There is a risk of crushing of the hands when moving the C-rail into the rail connector/hanger clamp.

- → Do not enter the danger zone of the festoon system when the system is moving or during installation
- → Use personal protective equipment (protective gloves, protective headgear, protective footwear) when moving the C-rail



Festoon systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex



Risk of entrapment!

There is a risk of entrapment when the festoon system is moving.

- \rightarrow Do not enter the danger zone of the festoon system when the system is moving
- \rightarrow The customer must block off the danger zone of the system
- ightarrow Before starting work, shut down the system and secure it against accidental start



Risk of injury due to falling parts!

There is a risk due to falling parts in case of improper use (incorrect assembly, lack of attention).

- → Block off a generous area underneath the system!
- → Keep the time specialist installers spend in the danger zone to a minimum
- → Wear protective headgear!



Risk of burns!

Burns can be caused by:

- Live components
- Overload
- Components that have become live due to a fault
- Short circuits

Remedial measures:

- → Do not overload cables!
- → System engineers must design the dimensioning and protective electrical devices in accordance with the permissible load capacity of the cables
- \rightarrow Connections may only be made by specialist electricians



Festoon systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex



Risk of injury due to electrocution!

Risk of severe injury or death due to electric current.

- → The system engineer/operator must ensure that no projecting contours near the festoon system are able to damage the cables
- → Regularly check cables for wear
- → Before working on the festoon system, the system must be disconnected from power using the main switch and secured against unauthorized, unintentional, and/or erroneous activation. In special cases where there is no main switch, the power disconnection must be conducted in accordance with the specifications of the system manufacturer. Check that parts disconnected from power are voltage free, then ground and short-circuit them. Insulate adjacent parts under voltage!
- → Before each commissioning, the crane manufacturer must perform an insulation test for the complete system in which the festoon system is installed in accordance with the local technical standards, regulations and laws
- \rightarrow Provide electrical protection measures in accordance with the regulations for the system



Fire hazard!

Fire hazard if undersized cables are used!

- \rightarrow Do not overload cables
- \rightarrow The required cable cross-sections must be observed
- → System engineers must design the dimensioning and protective electrical devices in accordance with the permissible load capacity of the cables
- → Connections may only be made by specialist electricians



Risk of injury due to slipping and falling!

There is a risk of injury due to a dangerous environment or difficult installation conditions. For example, near cranes, in difficult-to-access locations, etc.

- → Use personal protective equipment (protective gloves, protective headgear, protective footwear)
- \rightarrow Keep the location tidy
- \rightarrow Only use secure scaffolding
- \rightarrow Take appropriate safety measures



8.2 Safety instructions for use in potentially explosive atmospheres



Risk of explosion due to unapproved equipment attachments!

Equipment attachments to be mounted by the client, such as terminal boxes on control trolleys and control converters, must be suitable for use in the respective Ex zone. The system engineer/operator are responsible for the suitable selection.

- → Only mount suitable equipment attachments
- → When selecting the equipment attachments, take the specific conditions into account (zone, potentially explosive atmosphere, ambient temperature ...)



Risk of explosion if unsuitable cables are used for ATEX festoon systems!

When equipping the system with cables, the requirements of DIN EN 60079-14 must be observed. The cables must have an outer sheath made of the following materials:

- \rightarrow Heavy polychloroprene or other equivalent synthetic elastomer
- \rightarrow Heavy rubber hoses or connecting cables with an equally robust composition

Do not use PVC cables!

Each unused core cable in multi-core cables must either be connected to the grounding at the end or be adequately insulated by means of suitable termination.



Risk of explosion when cleaning the cables, rubber buffers and clamping pieces!

When cleaning the cables, rubber buffers and clamping pieces, these can become electrostatically charged and therefore become a potential source of ignition.

- ightarrow Only clean cables, rubber buffers and clamping pieces with a damp cloth
- → Only clean cables, rubber buffers and clamping pieces if no potentially explosive atmosphere is present



Risk of explosion due to incorrect clamping of the cables!

If the clamping of the cables is not sufficiently affixed, the cables can become electrostatically charged due to friction during operation of the system and therefore become a potential source of ignition.

- → Clamp cable in accordance with the specifications in these operating instructions
- \rightarrow Check that the cables are clamped before commissioning and after maintenance work





Risk of explosion due to manual operation!

When operating the festoon system manually, friction sparks can arise from pulling/pushing too hard or pulling/pushing from the wrong direction.

- → Fundamentally, careful operation of the system must be ensured when operating the system manually
- → Manual operation of the system is prohibited in the presence of a potentially explosive atmosphere



Risk of explosion due to spark formation during installation or service work!

The use of metallic tools during installation or service work can create mechanical sparks that can ignite potentially explosive atmospheres.

- → Conducting installation and service work is prohibited in the presence of a potentially explosive atmosphere
- → Further safety information can be found in TRBS 1112 Part 1 (Explosion hazards during and due to service work Assessment and protective measures)



8.3 Maintenance/inspection plan

The following sections describe the maintenance work required for optimal, trouble-free operation. If signs of stronger abrasion are revealed during regular inspections, reduce the maintenance intervals in accordance with the actual sings of wear. Contact the manufacturer with any questions regarding maintenance work or intervals.

In order to retain the warranty rights and to avoid damage, the system operator is responsible for conducting the following service work measures. Conduct and document the inspection, maintenance and repair measures by trained and qualified specialists!



The intervals indicated for service are dependent for the most part on operational conditions of the festoon system. Therefore, only mean values can be indicated here.

The following work falls under the category "Service":





Inspection with the system at a standstill 8.3.1



Conduct inspection work conscientiously!

- \rightarrow Protect the festoon system against inadvertent activation
- \rightarrow Any safety systems that have been removed during inspection of the system when at a standstill must be reinstalled and checked immediately upon completion of the work
- → Check measuring tools used after clean up/collection and inventory

Inspection measures

Interval		Component	Measure	Description	
Every 14 days: 3rd and 4th shift operation at the latest, after 300 operational hours	Every 30 days: 2nd shift operation at the latest, after 300 operational hours	RollersBufferCenter plateCable supportsFastenersCablesCable clampsFixed cablingInstallation connectionsTowing ropes/equipotential bondingGround terminal clamp (grounding the running rail)	Neasure Visual inspection	 Description for proper condition for proper function for proper movement for firm seating for deformation for wear for damage for degree of soiling for corrosion 	
		Towing devices			
		End stops			
		Track profile			



8.3.2 Towing rope check and discard criteria



- → Towing ropes must undergo checks at regular intervals
- → Conduct the check at intervals of no more than 12 months



In the event of defects, towing ropes must be immediately withdrawn from further use. They must be discarded (replaced).

A towing rope must be discarded (replaced) when one or more of the following criteria is met:

- 1. Wire breakage
- 2. Structural changes
- 3. Corrosion
- 4. Abrasion

The following rope deformations are discard criteria:

- Corkscrew deformation: A towing rope must be replaced when it has corkscrew deformations with waves that measure more than 1/3 of the rope diameter.
- Fraying: Discard when fraying occurs.
- Loop formation: Discard when there is a significant change in the rope structure due to loop formation.
- Wire loosening: Discard when wire loosening caused by rust or abrasion occurs.
- Knot formation: Discard when knot formation occurs, e.g. localized thickening in the steel rope.
- Constrictions: Discard when severe constrictions occur.
- Curling deformations: Discard when towing ropes have suffered permanent deformations, e.g. due to being pulled over an edge.
- Kinking: Discard when kinks occur, e.g. tightened rope loops.
- Buckling: Discard when the towing ropes have buckles due to external influences.

8.3.3 Equipotential bonding check and discard criteria



- ightarrow Equipotential bonding must undergo checks on a regular basis
- \rightarrow Conduct the check at intervals of no more than 12 months



In the event of defects, towing ropes must be immediately withdrawn from further use. They must be discarded (replaced).

A towing rope/equipotential bonding must be discarded (replaced) when one or more of the following criteria is met:



Festoon systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

- 1. Wire breakage
- 2. Corrosion
- 3. The steel rope slips out of the cable lug
- 4. The steel rope slips out of the pressure clamp

8.3.4 Inspection with the system moving

DANGER!

- Risk of injury due to inadequate work procedures!
 - → Refrain from any unsafe work procedures!
 - → The system should only be commissioned with functional protective gear and safety systems
 - \rightarrow Entering the operating area of the festoon system is forbidden

Inspection measures

Interval	Component	Measure	Description
	Rollers	Functional check	Easy and tilt-free running of the rollers on the track profile. Visible wear, damage.
_	Cable trolley		Proper entry and exit of the cable trolleys into and from the depot area.
 Every 14 days: 3rd and 4th shift operation at the latest, after 300 operational hours Every 30 days: 2nd shift operation at the latest, after 300 operational hours 	Towing device		Functionally reliable operation of the towing device under observation of the required horizontal and vertical compensating movements.
Ind 4th sh 00 operat Ind shift c 00 operat	Buffer unit cable trolley/towing trolley/towing clamp or end clamp		Effectiveness of the damping device, particularly when entering the depot.
ry 14 days: 3rd and 4th shift opera the latest, after 300 operational hou Every 30 days : 2nd shift operation the latest, after 300 operational hou	Towing ropes		Effectiveness of the towing ropes, particularly when the system is fully extended.
Every 14 d at the late Every 3 at the late	Every 30 at the latest		Mechanical connection of the equipotential bonding with the towing rope (pressure clamp) and the cable trolley/towing trolley/end clamp (screw connection cable lug). Examination of the connection points for corrosion effects.
	Track profile and system		Track profile and the entire system, whether soiling and corrosion influence functionality.

If problems are identified during the inspection, maintenance work must be conducted immediately.


Festoon systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

8.3.5 Logging

The results of the inspections and the measures taken must be documented in written reports. Immediately report defects and faults during the test phase and the warranty period to Conductix-Wampfler.

8.3.6 Maintenance of the festoon system



Use caution during festoon system maintenance!

- \rightarrow Turn off power switch and secure against unauthorized switching on
- → Use proper climbing aids and work platforms for maintenance work that is to be conducted above eye level
- \rightarrow Do not use machine components as climbing aids
- → Ensure the safe and environmentally friendly drainage, collection and disposal of operating and auxiliary materials
- → Safety systems that were removed for installation, maintenance or repair must be immediately reinstalled and checked after work is completed
- \rightarrow Observe the inspection and maintenance intervals described in the maintenance instructions
- \rightarrow Ensure that sufficient space for maintenance work (danger zone) is available
- \rightarrow Secure the festoon system against inadvertent activation during service work
- \rightarrow Secure detached parts against falling
- → Screw joints that are disconnected during service work are to be reattached (with appropriate torque) and secured as instructed
- → Fasteners and seals that cannot be reused are to be replaced (such as self-locking nuts, disks, splints, O-rings, glued or microencapsulated screws)
- → Lubrication points that are cleaned or wiped during maintenance and repair work must be relubricated as instructed
- \rightarrow After finishing work, collect all tools and materials and check that all are present
- → Disassembled parts and components that were exchanged are to be collected, stored in a safe place, recycled, or returned



Festoon systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

Maintenance measures

Interval		Component	Measure	Description		
Every 14 days : 3rd and 4th shift operation, at the latest after 300 operational hours	30 days: 2-shift operation, at the latest after 300 operating hours	Roller fastening		Tighten all fasteners.		
		Cable fastening		Tighten all fasteners on clamping bars and cable clamps.		
		Towing device	Maintenance measure	Replace wear parts, if necessary.		
Every 3 months		Towing ropes/equipotential bonding	Maintena	Tighten mounting screws		
E.com	Every o	Buffer unit towing clamp and end clamp		Tighten all fasteners. Replace wear parts, if necessary.		
Annually (depending on external influences)		Surface/corrosion protection Corrosion coating	Restore/ Replace	Restore hot-dip galvanized surfaces with zinc coating. Restore lacquered surfaces.		
Annually (d	external ir	Ground terminal clamp (Grounding of the running rail)	Res	Tighten mounting screws		

8.3.7 Wear parts

Wear parts are excluded from the warranty. This includes:

- ightarrow All trolley rollers including main rollers, horizontal guide rollers, counter-pressure rollers
- \rightarrow Special damping systems in the towing trolley window
- \rightarrow Rubber or cellular buffers
- \rightarrow Other definitions require written documentation



Festoon systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

8.3.8 Wear limits

Component	Wear limit has been reached when					
Rollers	 → The diameter of the roller has been reduced from the nominal diameter by 2 mm. → Deep impressions are visible → Cracks, broken-off pieces or embrittlement have formed on Vulkollan or Adiprene rollers or when initial signs that the outer section is disengaging from the core appear → Increased bearing play occurs due to worn ball bearings → Significant lubrication leakage is visible → Rollers do not run smoothly 					
Buffer	\rightarrow Cracks, breaks or embrittlement are visible					
Center plate and side plates	\rightarrow Corrosion protection is no longer present					
Cable supports	 → Corrosion protection is no longer present → Initial signs of cracks in the supports are visible 					
Fasteners	 → Corrosion protection is no longer present → Connection integrity (screw connections, clamp connections, glued connections) is no longer ensured 					
Cables	 → Wire, shielding or jacket breakage is visible → Corkscrews have formed 					
Cable clamps	 → Corrosion protection is no longer present → Cracks and embrittlement are visible in the clamp rubber → Sufficient clamping of the cables is no longer ensured 					
Towing ropes	ightarrow Wire breakage, structural changes, corrosion and abrasion occur					
Equipotential bonding	 → Corrosion effects occur at the connection points → Additional wire rope slips out of the pressure clamp or the cable lug → Wire breakage occurs 					
Ground terminal clamp	\rightarrow Corrosion occurs					
Towing devices	 → Corrosion protection is no longer present → Deformations of the towing window in the towing trolley appear → Cracks in the welding joints occur 					
End clamp	 → Corrosion protection is no longer present → Fastening to the track profile is no longer secure 					
Track profile	 → Corrosion protection is no longer present → Significant run marks or grooves from the rollers of the festoon system appear 					



8.3.9 Recurring inspections



Devices and systems must be periodically inspected by an expert. In general, visual and functional inspections are to be conducted whereby the condition of components with regard to damage, wear, corrosion or other changes is to be determined. Generally speaking, the completeness and functionality of the safety equipment is evaluated. Disassembly may be required to better evaluate the wear parts. All periodic inspections are arranged by the operator!

Every operator is to record all inspection, maintenance and service work in a machine book in an orderly manner and allow these to be confirmed by a technical expert. In case of inaccurate or missing entries, the warranty is rendered null and void.

8.3.10 Repair

Always request a Conductix-Wampfler customer service technician for all repairs.

If qualified service technicians from the system operator conduct the repairs themselves, all points contained in these **operating instructions** must be observed.

Conductix-Wampfler accepts no liability or responsibility for damages and production faults that result from failure to follow these operating instructions.

For maintenance and repair, only use

- \rightarrow Suitable tools in good working order
- → Only use original replacement parts from Conductix-Wampfler or replacement parts explicitly authorized by Conductix-Wampfler



9 Troubleshooting



Risk of injury due to improper fault elimination!

Improper fault elimination can result in serious injury to persons and property.

- \rightarrow Contact the manufacturer in case of faults
- $\rightarrow\,$ Only allow fault elimination to be conducted by personnel from or authorized by the manufacturer



Improper handling can result in serious injury to persons and property!

→ Elimination of faults are only conducted by qualified specialists!

Faults	Source	Elimination	
Towing rope torn	Excessive load wear ¹⁾	Replace towing rope	
Steel rope (equipotential bonding) torn or slipped out (from the pressure clamp or from the cable lug)	Excessive load wear ¹⁾	Replace towing rope	
Buffer defective	Excessive load wear ¹⁾	Replace buffer	
Reduction in function of rollers	Excessive load wear 1)	Replace rollers	
Evident mechanical overload on components (deformation, cracks, abrasion)	Fault incident 2)	Replace relevant components	

¹⁾ The source of the excessive load must be identified and eliminated.

²⁾ If injury to persons and property occurs during fault incidents, Conductix-Wampfler must be informed immediately.



Festoon systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

10 Disassembly and Disposal

10.1 Safety



Risk of injury due to electrocution!

Risk of severe injury or death due to electric current.

- $\rightarrow\,$ The system engineer/operator must ensure that no projecting contours near the festoon system are able to damage the cables
- → Regularly check cables for wear
- → Before working on the festoon system, the system must be disconnected from power using the main switch and secured against unauthorized, unintentional, and/or erroneous activation. In special cases where there is no main switch, the power disconnection must be conducted in accordance with the specifications of the system manufacturer. Check that parts disconnected from power are voltage free, then ground and short-circuit them. Insulate adjacent parts under voltage!
- → Before each commissioning, the crane manufacturer must perform an insulation test for the complete system in which the festoon system is installed in accordance with the local technical standards, regulations and laws
- \rightarrow Provide electrical protection measures in accordance with the regulations for the system



Danger of injury due to improper disassembly!

Stored energy, sharp components, points and edges on and in the festoon system or the required tools can cause injury.

- \rightarrow Ensure that there is sufficient space before starting work
- \rightarrow Handle open, sharp-edged components carefully
- → Ensure that the work area is tidy and clean! Loosely stacked or scattered components and tools can cause accidents
- → Disassemble components properly. Be aware of the high dead weight of some components. Use lifting gear, if necessary.
- \rightarrow Secure components so they cannot fall or topple
- \rightarrow Consult the manufacturer in case of doubt



Risk of injury due to moving components!

Incautious handling of the festoon system can lead to severe injury or damage to the festoon system.

- \rightarrow Ensure that the festoon system cannot start on its own
- → While it is moving, do not reach into moving parts, particularly the interface between the buffer and buffer plate
- \rightarrow Block off the danger zone under the system





Risk of tripping due to projecting parts!

There is a risk of tripping when working on the festoon system.

→ When walking in the work areas and danger zones, be careful of projections and depressions in the floor. Loose objects must not be left on the floor



Risk of crushing!

With the complete installation of the festoon system, there is a risk of crushing extremities between load carriers and track profiles.

When moving the festoon system, there is a risk of crushing extremities between the buffer and buffer plate, as well as between the carriage and track profiles.

There is a risk of hands being crushed when moving the C-rail into the rail connector/hanger clamp.

- → Do not enter the danger zone of the festoon system when the system is moving or during installation
- → Use personal protective equipment (protective gloves, protective headgear, protective footwear) when moving the C-rail



Risk of entrapment!

There is a risk of entrapment when the festoon system is moving.

- \rightarrow Do not enter the danger zone of the festoon system when the system is moving
- \rightarrow The customer must block off the danger zone of the system
- \rightarrow Before starting work, shut down the system and secure it against accidental start



Risk of injury due to falling parts!

There is a risk due to falling parts in case of improper use (incorrect assembly, lack of attention).

- → Block off a generous area underneath the system!
- \rightarrow Keep the time specialist installers spend in the danger zone to a minimum
- → Wear protective headgear!



Risk of injury due to slipping and falling!

There is a risk of injury due to a dangerous environment or difficult installation conditions. For example, near cranes, in difficult-to-access locations, etc.

- → Use personal protective equipment (protective gloves, protective headgear, protective footwear)
- → Keep the location tidy
- → Only use secure scaffolding
- → Take appropriate safety measures



10.2 Safety instructions for use in potentially explosive atmospheres



Risk of explosion when cleaning the cables, rubber buffers and clamping pieces!

When cleaning the cables, rubber buffers and clamping pieces, these can become electrostatically charged and therefore become a potential source of ignition.

- \rightarrow Only clean cables, rubber buffers and clamping pieces with a damp cloth
- → Only clean cables, rubber buffers and clamping pieces if no potentially explosive atmosphere is present



Risk of explosion due to manual operation!

When operating the festoon system manually, friction sparks can arise from pulling/pushing too hard or pulling/pushing from the wrong direction.

- → Fundamentally, careful operation of the system must be ensured when operating the system manually
- $\rightarrow\,$ Manual operation of the system is prohibited in the presence of a potentially explosive atmosphere



Risk of explosion due to spark formation during installation or service work!

The use of metallic tools during installation or service work can create mechanical sparks that can ignite potentially explosive atmospheres.

- → Conducting installation and service work is prohibited in the presence of a potentially explosive atmosphere
- → Further safety information can be found in TRBS 1112 Part 1 (Explosion hazards during and due to service work Assessment and protective measures)

10.3 Disassembly

After the system is no longer in use, the festoon system must be disassembled and an environmentally friendly disposal is to be undertaken.

Prior to starting the disassembly:

- Remove operating and auxiliary materials, as well as residual processing materials and dispose of them in an environmentally appropriate manner.
- Then clean assemblies and components properly and dismantle them in compliance with applicable local occupational safety and environmental regulations.

Personnel:

- May only be conducted by trained technicians
- Min. 2 persons



Festoon systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

Required tools:

- Open-end wrench
- Tools for securing



Risk of injury due to lack of care when securing loads!

→ Loads are to be carefully fastened onto suitable lifting gear or load suspension devices that are technically intact and have sufficient load capacity

10.4 Disposal

In the absence of return and disposal agreements, recycle the disassembled components:

- Scrap metals
- Plastic elements must be sent for recycling
- Dispose of remaining components separately according to the material properties



Environmental damage due to improper disposal!

Electrical scrap, electronic components, lubricants and other auxiliary materials are hazardous waste and may only be disposed of by authorized specialist companies!

Local authorities or specialist disposal companies can provide information regarding environmentally appropriate disposal.



Festoon systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

11 Further Documents

11.1 CE Declarations

For the ATEX festoon systems, there is a Declaration of Incorporation in accordance with the Machinery Directive and a Declaration of Conformity in accordance with the ATEX Directive. The CE Declarations are available as separate documents.

11.2 Documentation for electrical equipment

See separate electrical documentation.

11.3 Replacement parts list



Maintaining a stock of the most essential replacement and wear parts at the installation site is an important prerequisite for continual operational readiness of the system!



Incorrect replacement parts are a safety hazard!

Incorrect or faulty replacement parts can impair safety and result in damage, malfunctions or complete failure.

→ Always use original replacement parts from the manufacturer!

No liability is accepted or warranty given for damages that occur from the use of non-original replacement parts and accessories.

For replacement part orders, please indicate the following information:

- Order number
- Part number
- Description
- Unit count
- Desired mode of shipping (postal, freight, sea, air, express)
- Shipping address



Festoon systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex



- Replacement parts available:
 - 1) Support, complete with clamping bar and fasteners
 - 2) Cable trolley upper part, complete with rollers and buffers
 - 3) Roller pair
 - 4) Buffer

Fig. 36: Cable trolley

The exact replacement part name can be found in the project-specific replacement parts list.

11.4 Product observations

We strive to observe our products after delivery in order to further improve them and better meet your needs. Please use the form on the following pages to communicate your experiences and issues with us that could be of interest for our improvement process. Thank you.

Please fax the filled out form to: +49 7621 662 284

For example:

- Changed configuration data
- Experiences with the festoon system
- Recurring faults
- Difficulties with documentation



Your contact data

Company:	Customer No.:
Department:	
Contact Person:	
Street:	Zip Code:
PO Box:	
City:	
Phone:	Fax:
Email:	

Your experiences and observations:



11.5 Final Acceptance Protocol

Customer:			Customer No.:					
				Order No.:		0.:		
				Supplier:				
					Order C	onfirmation No:		
Installation Location:	Project Name:							
	Address:							
	Zip (Code:		City:				
	Contact Person/Phone No.:			Meeting Place:				
Start of Installation (on site):				End of Installation (on site)				
Installation Time Required (in hours):				Travel Time Required (in hours):				
		ve project was concluded toda	ay by C	onductix-Wampfle	r GmbH	l, Germany.		
Risk is transferred	d to	the customer today.						
		onfirmed in the project-	Yes					
specific "Acceptance	ce" p	protocol:	Attach	iment:				
The maintenance in	nstru	uctions were provided:						
CE label was attac	hed:		Yes					
Customer Comments:								
Supplier Comments:								
The following work included in the order could not be conducted:								
Installation Contact (Conductix-Wampfler GmbH)				Construction Contact (Customer)				
Name:				Name:				
Date: Signature:				Date:		Signature:		



Festoon systems for C-rails for potentially explosive atmospheres Program 0230Ex/0240Ex

Conductix-Wampfler GmbH

Rheinstraße 27 + 33 79576 Weil am Rhein - Märkt Germany



Importer for the United Kingdom: Conductix-Wampfler Ltd. 1, Michigan Avenue Salford M50 2GY United Kingdom Phone: +49 (0) 7621 662-0 Fax: +49 (0) 7621 662-144 info.de@conductix.com www.conductix.com

Phone: +44 161 8480161 Fax: +44 161 8737017 info.uk@conductix.com www.conductix.com